METABOLIC DISORDER

INBORN ERRORS OF METABOLISM

- A group of diseases caused by
- a defect in the activity of an enzyme that affect a wide variety of metabolic processes;
- odefective processing or transport of amino acids,

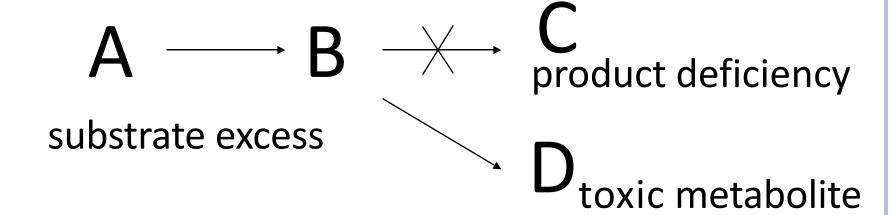
fatty acids, sugars or metals

INBORN ERRORS OF METABOLISM

- An inherited enzyme deficiency leading to the disruption of normal bodily metabolism
- Impaired formation of a product normally produced by the deficient enzyme
- Accumulation of a toxic <u>substrate</u> (compound acted upon by an enzyme in a chemical reaction)

What is a metabolic disease?

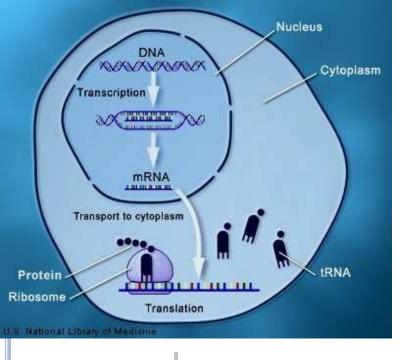
Garrod's hypothesis



OUR GENETIC BACKGROUND

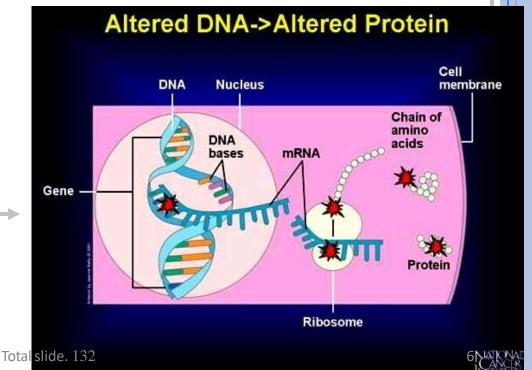
Total genes 25000 in pairs

Genetic disorders 7000



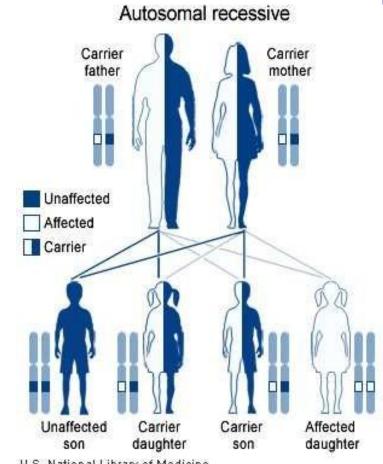
GENETIC BASIS OF INHERITED DISORDERS

Point mutations,
Insertions, Deletions,
Missense Mutations
and Rearrangements



EPIDEMIOLOGY AND INHERITANCE

- Although each individual IEM is rare, cumulatively they occur
 1:5000 live births
- Majority of IEM follow an autosomal recessive mode of inheritance



CLASSIFICATION OF METABOLIC DISEASES

Small molecule disease

- Carbohydrate
- Protein
- Lipid
- Nucleic Acids
- Minerals
- Vitamins

Organelle disease

- Lysosomes
- Mitochondria
- Peroxisomes
- Cytoplasm

METOBOLIC DISORDERS

- Aminoacid Metabolim
- Lipid Metabolism
- Carbohydrate Metabolism
- Mitochondrial Energy Metabolism
- Vitamin Metabolism
- Metal Transport
- Nucleic acid and Heme Metabolism
- Organelles lysosomes, peroxisomes

METOBOLIC DISORDERS

- Defects in Amino and Organic Acid Metabolism
- Defects in Carbohydrate Metabolism
- Errors in Fatty Acid Metabolism
- Defects in Cholesterol and Lipoprotein Metabolism
- Mucopolysaccharide and Glycolipid Disorders
- Defects in Nucleotide Metabolism
- Disorders in Metal Metabolism and Transport
- Porphyrias and Bilirubinemias
- Diseases Associated with Defective DNA Repair

Categories of IEMs

Disorders of protein metabolism

- (amino acidopathies, organic acidopathies, and urea cycle defects)
- Disorders of carbohydrate metabolism (eg, carbohydrate intolerance disorders, glycogen storage disorders, disorders of gluconeogenesis and glycogenolysis)
- Fatty acid oxidation defects
- Lysosomal storage disorders
- Mitochondrial disorders



Protein metabolism disorders

- Organic acidemias
- Aminoacidurias
- Urea cycle defects

Carbohydrate metabolism disorders

- Glycogen storage disease
- Galactosemia
- Fructose intolerance
- Glucose malabsorption

Fat metabolism disorders

- Hypertriglyceridemia
- Hyperlipidemia
- Fatty acid oxidation defects

VITAMIN DISORDERS

Biotinidase deficiency

MINERAL DISORDERS

- Wilson disease
- Menkes disease
- Cystinosis