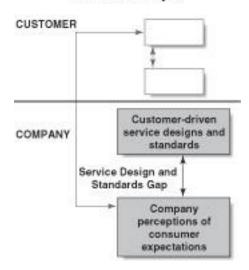
#### Part 4

# ALIGNING SERVICE DESIGN AND STANDARDS

# **Provider Gap 2**

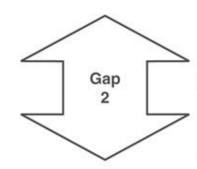
#### Provider Gap 2



#### **Key Factors Leading to Provider Gap 2**

#### FIGURE 2.3

Key Factors Leading to Provider Gap 2: The Service Design and Standards Gap



Customer-driven service designs and standards

#### · Poor service design

Unsystematic new service development process Vague, undefined service designs Failure to connect service design to service positioning

#### · Absence of customer-driven standards

Lack of customer-driven service standards

Absence of process management to focus on customer requirements

Absence of formal process for setting service quality goals

#### · Inappropriate physical evidence and servicescape

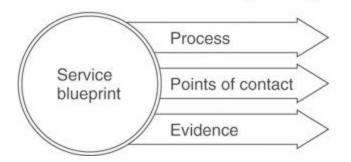
Failure to develop tangibles in line with customer expectations Servicescape design that does not meet customer and employee needs Inadequate maintenance and updating of the servicescape

Management perceptions of customer expectations

## **Service Blueprinting**

• A tool for simultaneously depicting the service process, the points of customer contact, and the evidence of service from the customer's point of view.

FIGURE 9.3 Service Blueprinting



#### Service blueprinting

A technique for simultaneously depicting the service process, the points of customer contact, and the evidence of service from the customer's point of view.

# **Service Blueprint Components**

#### **Customer Actions**

line of interaction

**Visible Contact Employee Actions** 

line of visibility

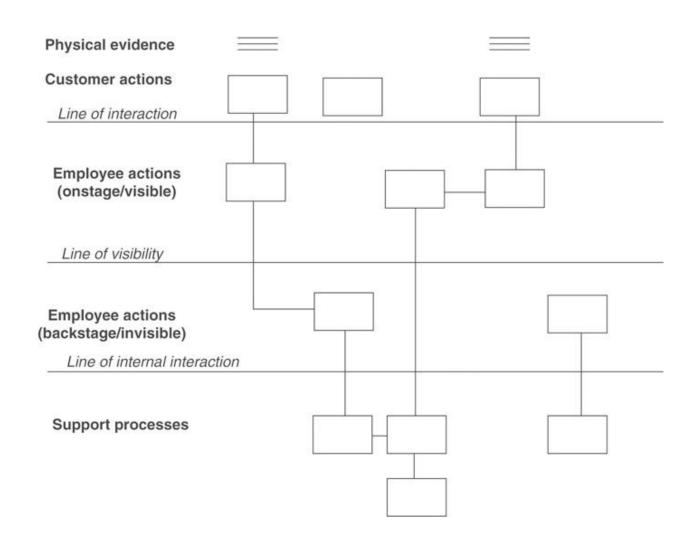
**Invisible Contact Employee Actions** 

line of internal interaction

**Support Processes** 

# **Service Blueprint Components**

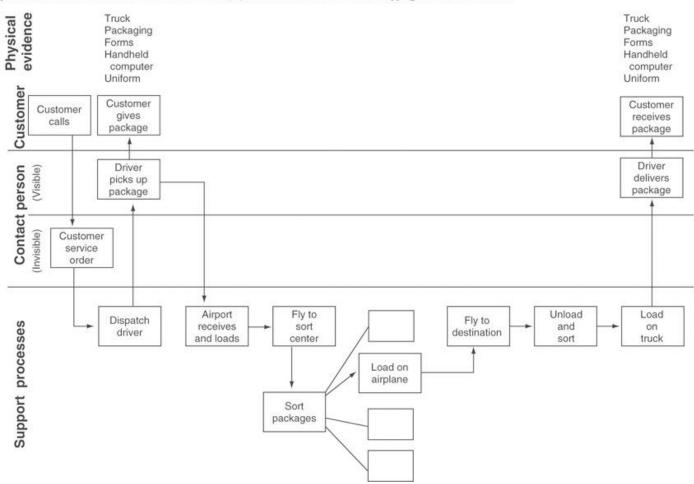
FIGURE 9.4 Service Blueprint Components



# **Blueprint for Express Mail Delivery Service**

#### FIGURE 9.5 Blueprint for Express Mail Delivery Service

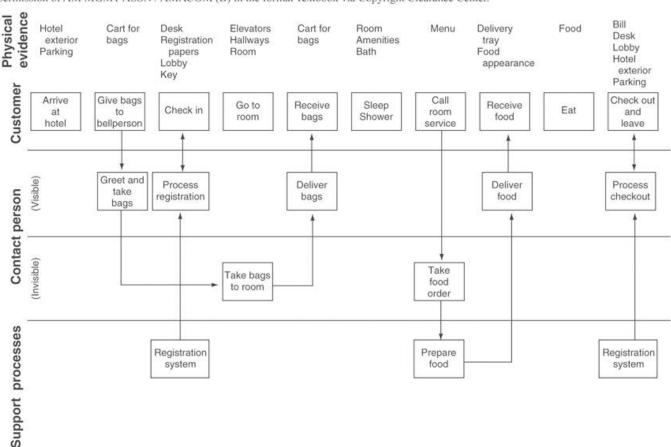
Source: Service Quality Handbook by E. E. Scheuing and W. F. Christopher (eds). Copyright 1993 by AM MGMT ASSN / AMACOM (B). Reproduced with permission of AM MGMT ASSN / AMACOM (B) in the format Textbook via Copyright Clearance Center.



#### **Blueprint for Overnight Hotel Stay Service**

FIGURE 9.6 Blueprint for Overnight Hotel Stay Service

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Step 6

evidence of

service at

customer

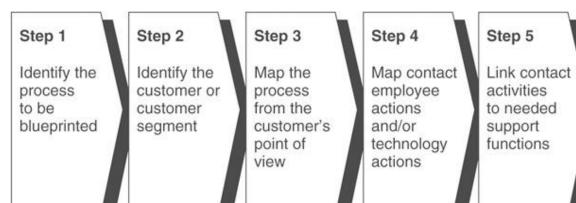
action step

Add

each

### **Building a Service Blueprint**

FIGURE 9.7 Building a Service Blueprint



#### **Application of Service Blueprints**

- New Service Development
  - concept development
  - market testing
- Supporting a "Zero Defects" Culture
  - managing reliability
  - identifying empowerment issues
- Service Recovery Strategies
  - identifying service problems
  - conducting root cause analysis
  - modifying processes

## Blueprints Can Be Used By:

#### Service Marketers

- creating realistic customer expectations:
  - service system design
  - promotion

# OperationsManagement

- rendering the service as promised:
  - managing fail points
  - training systems
  - quality control

# Human ResourcesManagement

- empowering the human element:
  - job descriptions
  - selection criteria
  - appraisal systems

#### System Technology

- providing necessary tools:
  - system specifications
  - personal preference databases

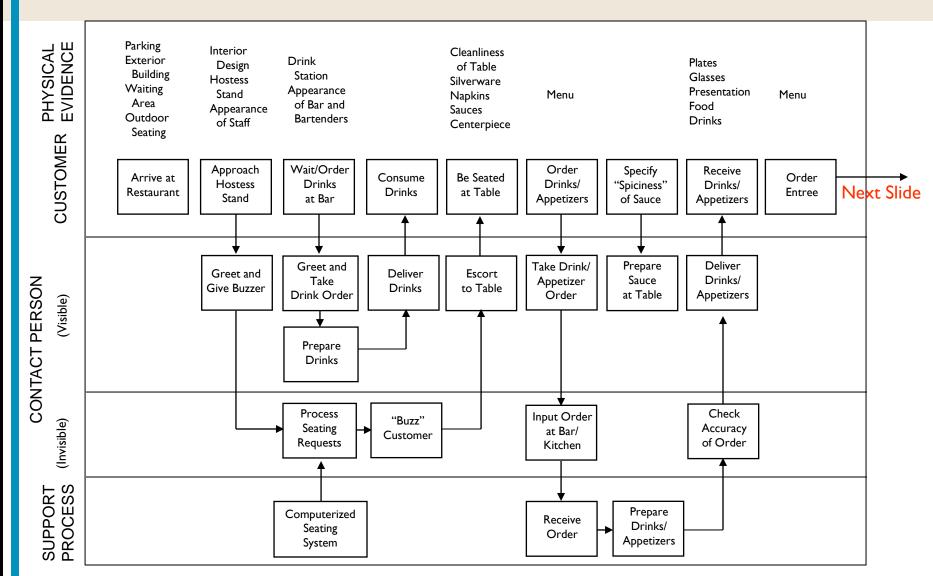
## **Benefits of Service Blueprinting**

- Provides a platform for innovation.
- Recognizes roles and interdependencies among functions, people, and organizations.
- Facilitates both strategic and tactical innovations.
- Transfers and stores innovation and service knowledge.
- Designs moments of truth from the customer's point of view.
- Suggests critical points for measurement and feedback in the service process.
- Clarifies competitive positioning.
- Provides understanding of the ideal customer experience.

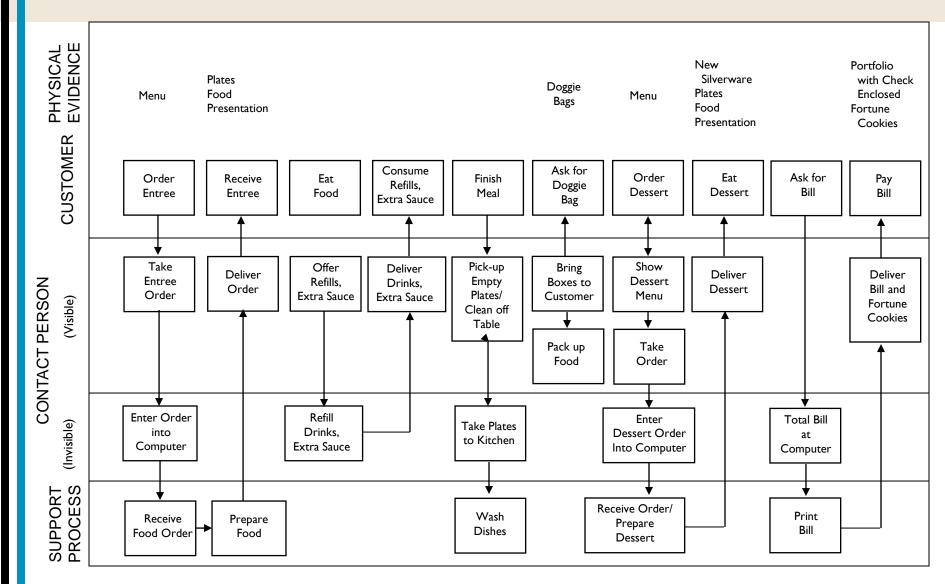
## Common Issues in Blueprinting

- Clearly defining the process to be blueprinted
- Clearly defining the customer or customer segment that is the focus of the blueprint
- Who should "draw" the blueprint?
- Should the actual or desired service process be blueprinted?
- Should exceptions/recovery processes be incorporated?
- What is the appropriate level of detail?
- Symbology
- Whether to include time on the blueprint

# P.F. CLIANG'S CHINABISTROSM



# P.F. CLIANG'S CHINABISTROSM



### **Tangible Cues or Indicators of Quality**



- Exterior and Interior Design
- Presentation of Food/Drinks
- Appearance of Staff
- Cleanliness of Tables, Utensils
- Cleanliness of Restrooms
- Location of Restaurant
- Appearance of Surrounding Customers

#### Possibility of Standardization



- Hostess Greeting
- Pre-Prepared Sauces (Mild, Medium and Hot)
- Time Standards
- Food and Drink Quality Standards
- Bill Standards

## **Potential Fail Points and Fixability**



- Bar
  - train to make drinks; create ample seating space for wait area overflow
- Food
  - revise food presentation; create quality control checks to ensure order is correct before delivering to customer
- Staff
  - training; set number of times to check-in on customers; behavioral and attitude guidelines; dress code
- Billing
  - standards for when to bring bill, how to deliver, when to pick-up, how quickly to process transaction; ensure one fortune cookie per customer
- Cleanliness
  - standards for amount of time it takes to clear and clean tables; regular restroom checks